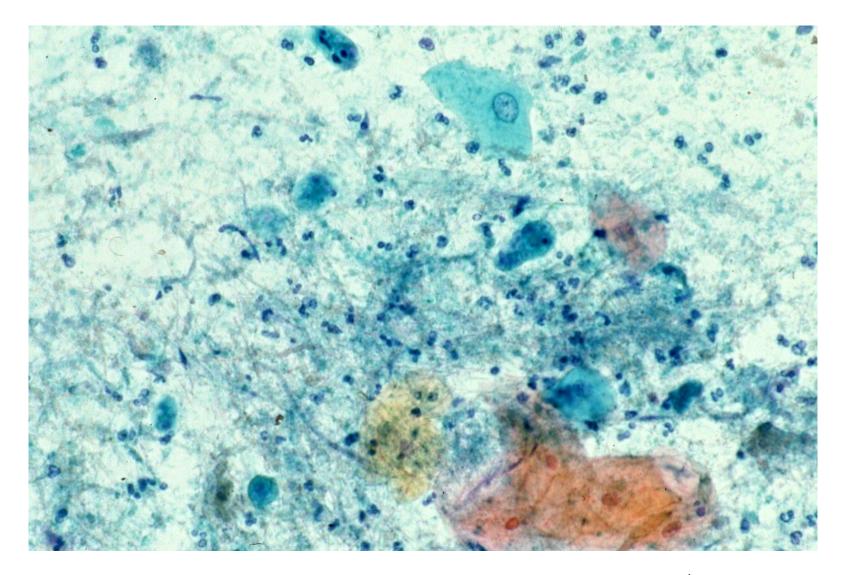
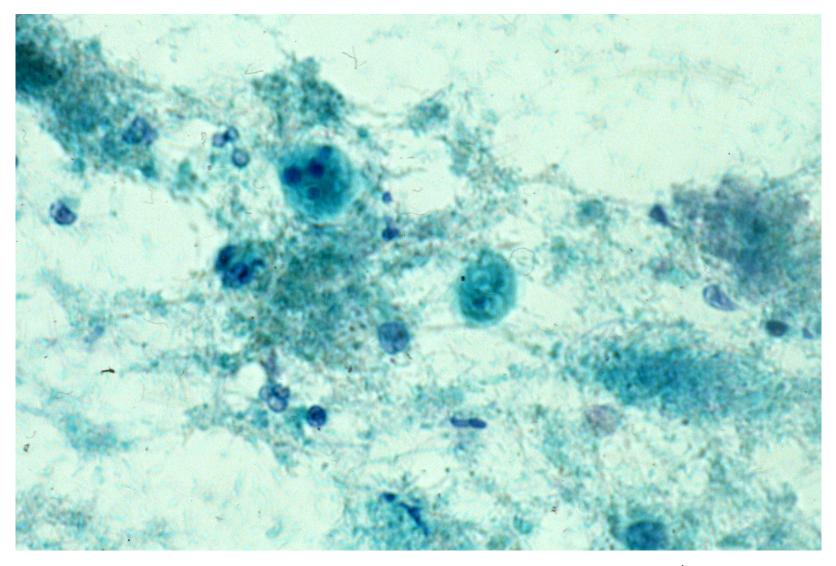
Entamoeba gingivalis infection around intrauterine device

Entamoeba gingivalis, an obligatory anaerobic protozoon, is common in individuals with poor oral hygiene or periodontal disease, but it is non-pathogenic and unrelated to the cause of the oral disorders. There is no known cyst stage, and trophozoites live in the gingival pockets. Trophozoites are transmitted person-to-person orally by kissing, oral sex or fomites. The trophozoites of *E. gingivalis* are morphologically similar to that of *E. histolytica*. Actinomyces bacteria simply provide a favorable (anaerobic) environment for the ameba to survive.

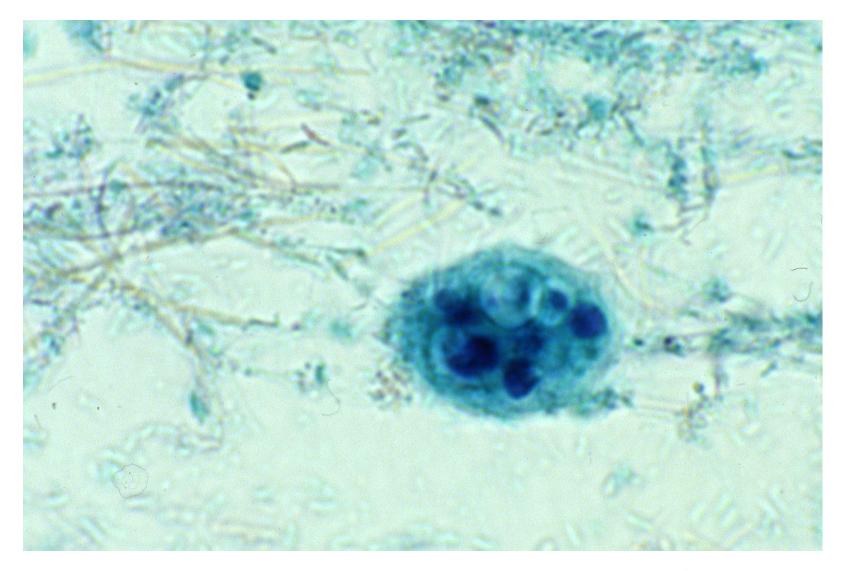
Occasionally, *E. gingivalis* trophozoites are identified from the female genital tract (endometrium), particularly in association with the use of an intrauterine device. Co-infection with *Actinomyces israelii* is common: *A. israelii*, providing anaerobic environment for the survival of the amoeba, provokes the symptom of discharge.



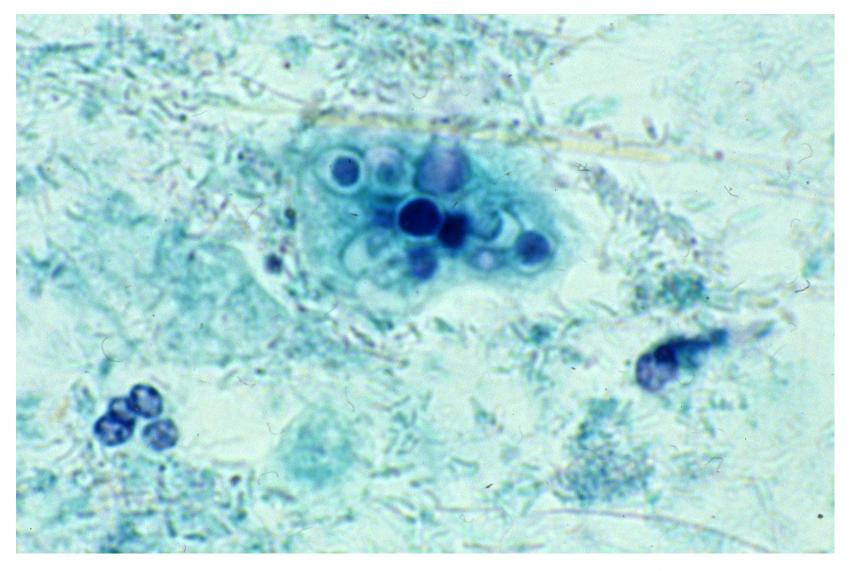
Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Papanicolaou-1). In the background of inflammation and bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are scattered.



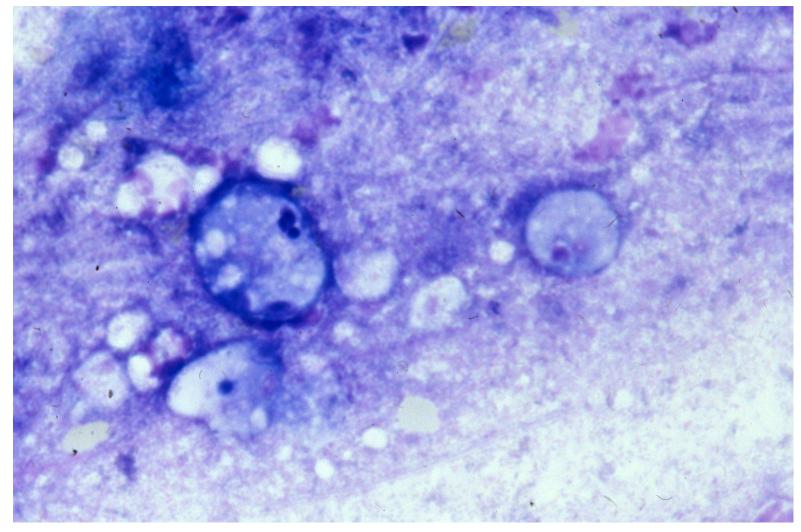
Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Papanicolaou-2). In the background of bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are scattered. The amoebae phagocytize granulocytes.



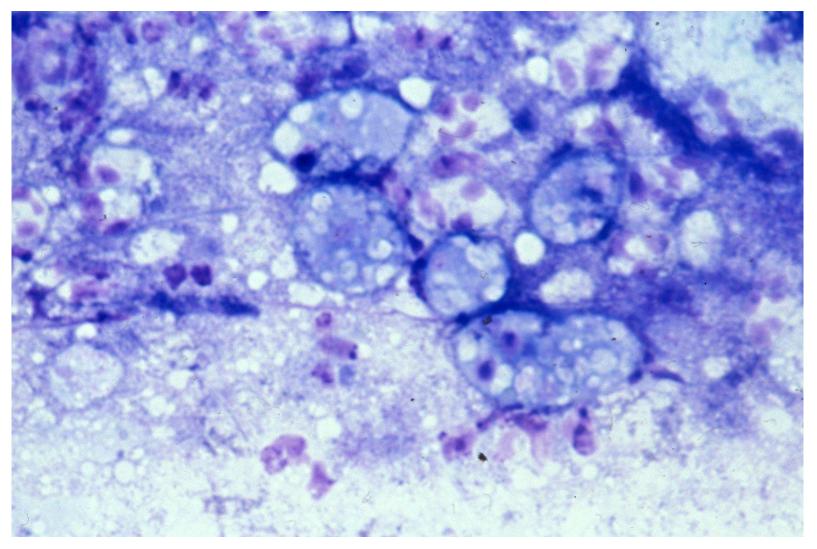
Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Papanicolaou-3). In the background of bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are observed. The amoeba phagocytizes granulocytes.



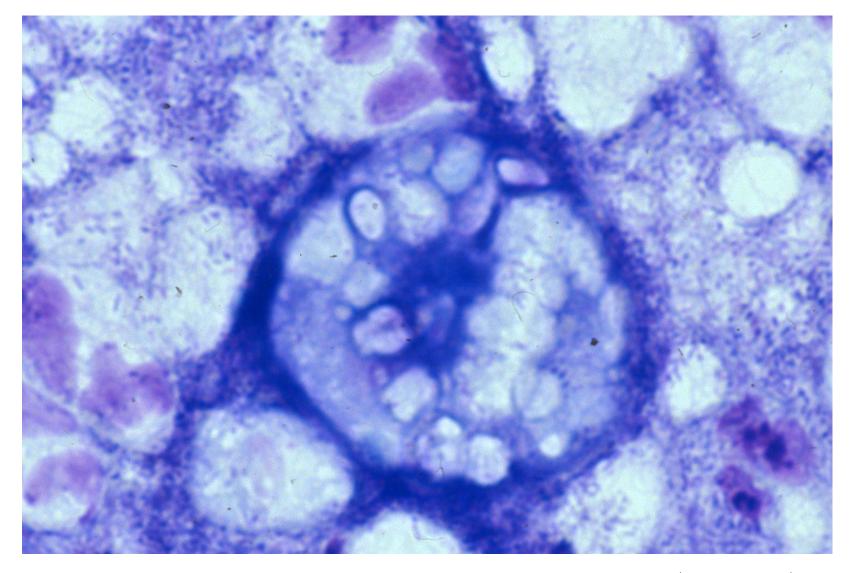
Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Papanicolaou-4). In the background of bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are observed. The amoeba phagocytizes granulocytes.



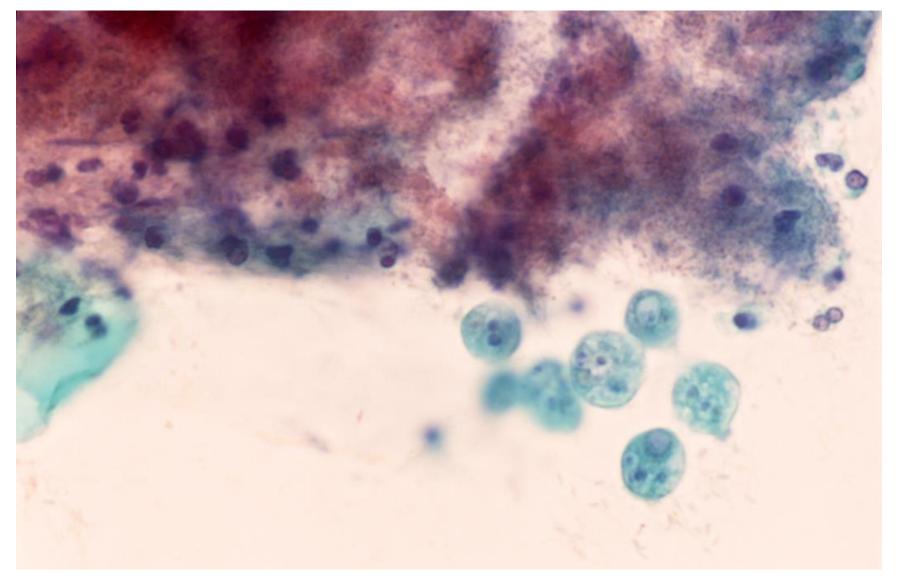
Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Giemsa-1). In the background of bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are observed. The vacuolated amoebae phagocytize granulocytes.



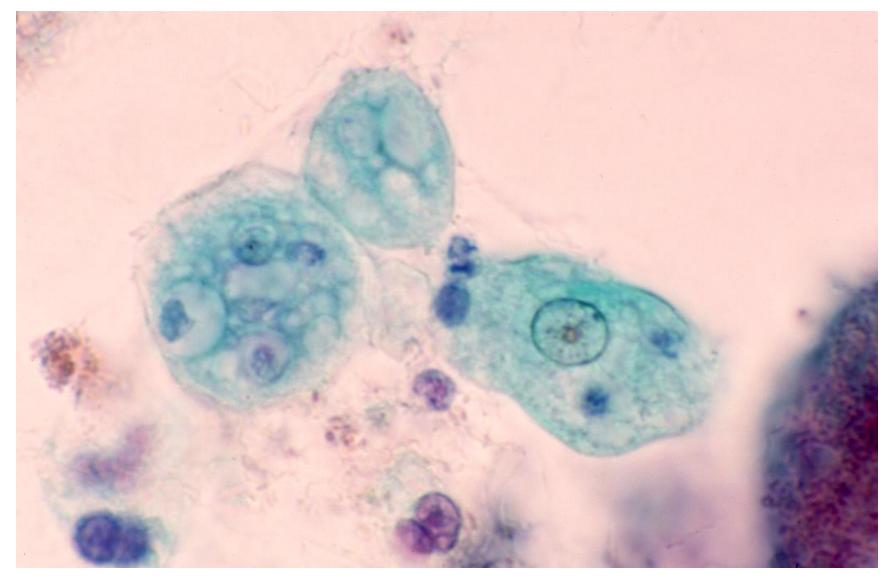
Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Giemsa-2). In the background of bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are clustered. The vacuolated amoebae phagocytize granulocytes.



Smear from the gingival pocket with advanced periodontitis (Giemsa-3). In the background of bacterial/fungal colonization, trophozoites of *Entamoeba gingivalis* are observed. The cytoplasm of the amoeba is vacuolated.



Sputum cytology with incidental inclusion of *Entamoeba gingivalis* (Papanicolaou-a). Trophozoites of *E. gingivalis* are clustered. The amoebae phagocytize granulocytes. This should be regarded as a contamination from the indigenous oral microbiota.



Sputum cytology with incidental inclusion of *Entamoeba gingivalis* (Papanicolaou-b). Trophozoites of *E. gingivalis* are clustered. The vacuolated amoebae phagocytize granulocytes. This should be regarded as a contamination from the indigenous oral microbiota.

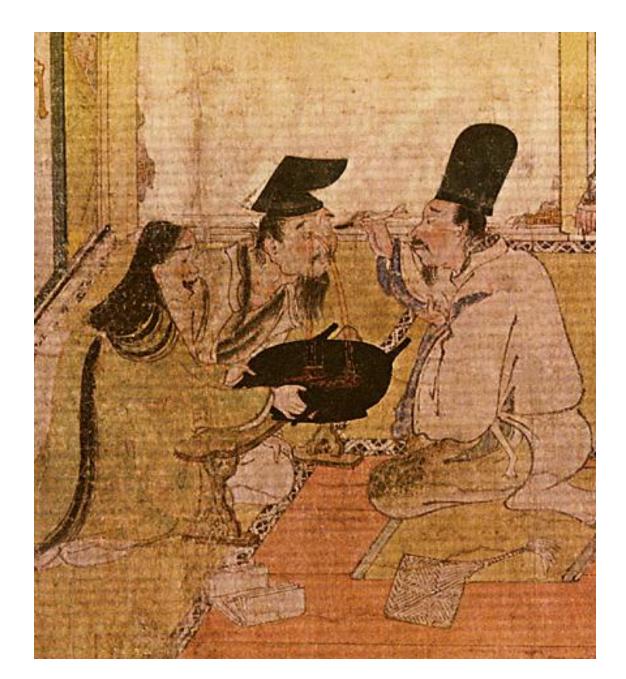
Key technique

Use of a single glass slide for plural kinds of staining

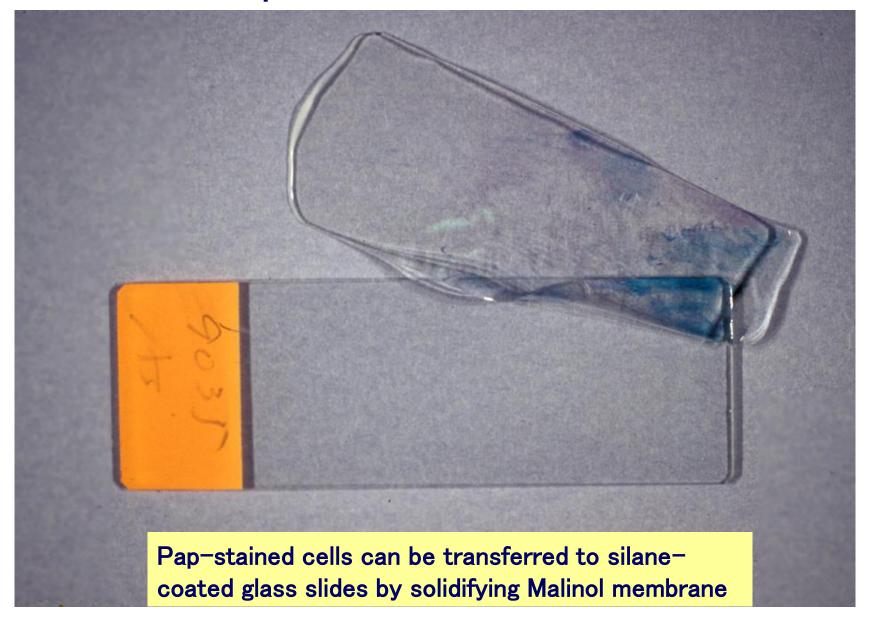
Yamai-no-Soshi:

The world-oldest Atlas (Handscroll) of Diseases and Deformities published more than 800 years ago

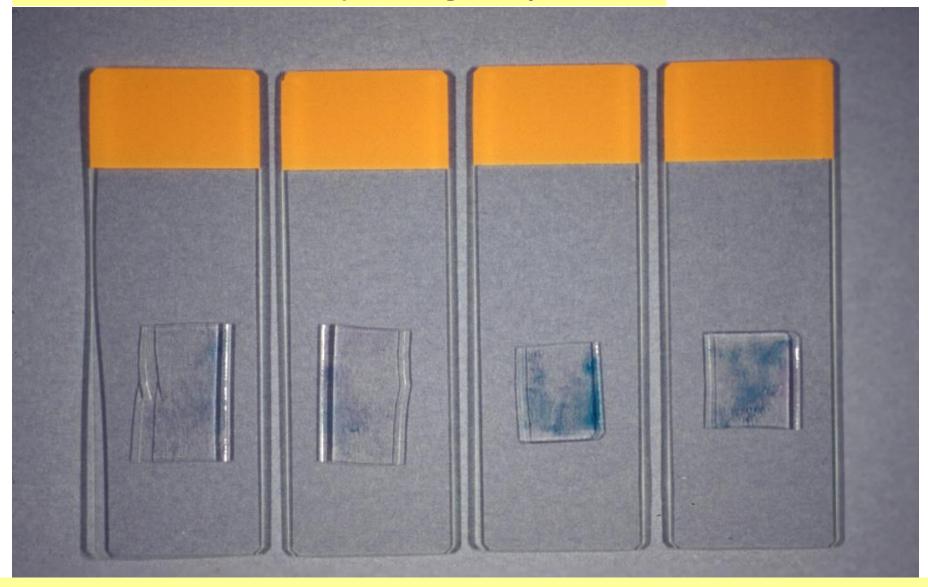
Treatment for Eye Disease



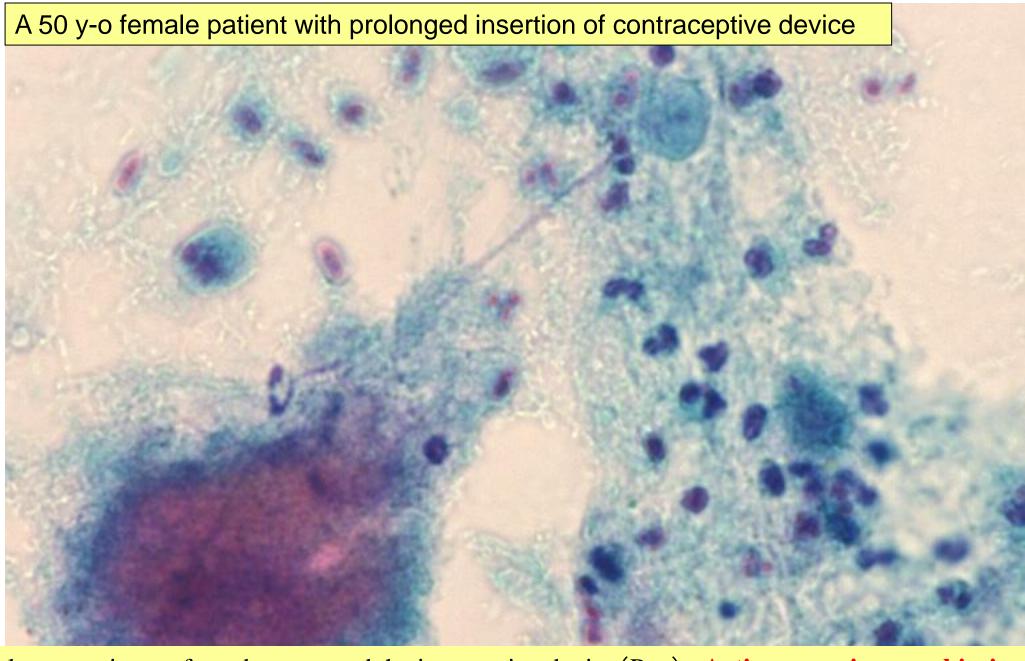
How to use a single cytology specimen for immunocytochemistry: "cell transfer" technique



Cell transfer, followed by cutting into pieces

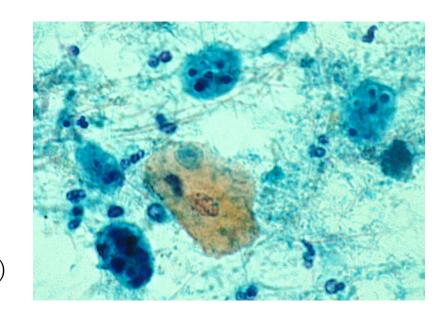


Several slides are ready for histochemistry by cutting the solidified Malinol membrane



Cytology specimen of exudates around the intrauterine device (Pap): Actinomycosis + amebiasis

PCR for Entamoeba species



Oral flora: cytology (Pap)

Primers sense 5'- tcagataccgtcgtagtcct - 3' antisense 5'- cctggtgtgcccttccgt - 3'

PCR conditions:

94°C 15 sec, 55°C 30 sec, 72°C 30 sec : 35 cycles

221bp

221bp fragment: High homology with *E. gingivalis* genome

In this case, a piece of cell-transferred preparation was used for the extraction of DNA for PCR analysis

